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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/940,287	08/27/2001	Gust H. Bardy	032580.0025.CIP1	7252
22440	22440 7590 01/27/2004		EXAMINER	
GOTTLIEB RACKMAN & REISMAN PC 270 MADISON AVENUE 8TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 100160601			SCHAETZLE, KENNEDY	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3762	···
			DATE MAILED: 01/27/2004	8

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			ΝK			
.*		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		09/940,287	BARDY ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Kennedy Schaetzle	3762			
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication appropriately	pears n th cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
THE I - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS froe, cause the application to become ABANDON	timely filed lays will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1)[	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 N</u>	lovember 2003.				
2a)□	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.				
· -	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
4) 又	Claim(s) 1-263 is/are pending in the application	on.				
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>13,14,71,72,129,130,187,188 and 232-263</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> is/are rejected.					
7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>15,20,29-35,73,78,87-93,131,136,145-151,189,194 and 203-209</u> is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.				
Applicati	ion Papers					
9)🖂	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.				
10)⊠	$\boxtimes$ The drawing(s) filed on <u>27 August 2001</u> is/are: a) $\boxtimes$ accepted or b) $\square$ objected to by the Examiner.					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correc	,	•			
•	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.			
•	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig.  ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)	1. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Burea		ved in this National Stage			
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ved.			
s	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest ince a specific reference was included in the fir 7 CFR 1.78.					
	) The translation of the foreign language pro					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest eference was included in the first sentence of the					
Attachmen	rt(s)					
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)		ıry (PTO-413) Paper No(s)			
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)		l Patent Application (PTO-152)			
. —	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					

Continuation of Disposition of Claims: Claims rejected are 1-12,16-19,21-28,36-70,74-77,79-86,94-128,132-135,137-144,152-186,190-193,195-202 and 210-232.

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election without traverse of Invention I and the species involving a tube-shaped appendage (claims 1-12, 15-70, 73-128, 131-186 and 189-232) in Paper No. 7 is acknowledged.

## Specification

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: the status of the cross-referenced applications referred to on page 1 should be updated; numerous errors appear in the referencing of drawing elements –careful perusal is suggested.

Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claims 17 and 137 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Reference to "the bounded region" in claim 17 lacks antecedent basis. It is not clear if the applicant is attempting to positively recite such a region and it is not clear exactly what such a region entails. This error should be corrected wherever it appears in the lengthy claim set.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless —
(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

6. Claims 1-5, 7-12, 16, 17, 22-24, 28, 36-42, 44-48, 54-56, 59-63, 65-70, 74, 75, 80-82, 86, 94-100, 102-106, 112-114, 117-121, 123-128, 132, 133, 138-140, 144, 152-

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158, 160-164 and 170-172 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Heilman (Pat. No. 4,270,549).

Regarding claim 1 and claims with similar limitations, Heilman shows a lead electrode assembly comprising an electrode 12 and a pocket 44 coupled to the electrode for positioning the lead electrode assembly (note col. 6, lines 43-46). While the preamble was considered, the language "...for subcutaneous implantation..." was deemed to be merely a statement of intended use for the electrode assembly lacking any specific structural recitation in the body of the claim limiting the apparatus to such use.

Concerning claims 2 and 3 and claims with similar limitations, the examiner considers the region of the pocket defined by the stitching 36 and distal end of the pocket (i.e., the end of the pocket furthest from the opening) to constitute a bounded contiguous region.

With reference to claim 4 and claims with similar limitations, the region of the pocket wrapped around element 14 at the distal end of the pocket is considered to have a curved shape as can be seen in cross-section in Fig. 2.

Regarding claim 8 and claims with similar limitations, the examiner considers Silastic to comprise silicone and mixtures thereof.

Concerning claim 11 and claims with similar limitations, the examiner considers the word "rigid" to be a relative term and thus interprets the sandwiched Dacron reinforced layers 14 and 16 to be rigid backing layers.

Regarding claim 12 and claims with similar limitations, the examiner considers the insertion tool 60 to represent an appendage positioned between the electrode and the pocket.

Regarding claim 42 and claims with similar limitations, note col. 4, lines 33-37. The ranges listed include surface areas between 100 square millimeters and 2000 square millimeters.

Concerning claim 55 and claims with similar limitations, note the discussion of the clip discussed in col. 6, lines 20-24. The weld material itself (e.g., solder) can also be considered a lead fastener.

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7. Claims 1, 7, 9, 10, 16-19, 21, 22, 25-27, 40, 41, 44-48, 54-57, 59, 65, 67, 68, 74-77, 79, 80, 83-85, 98, 99, 102-106, 112-115, 117, 123, 125, 126, 132-135, 137, 138, 141-143, 156, 157, 160-164, 170-173, 175, 181, 183, 184, 190-193, 195, 196, 199-201, 214, 215, 218-222 and 228-231 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Strahwald et al. (Pat. No. 4,354,509).

Regarding claim 1 and claims with similar limitations, Strahwald et al. disclose a lead electrode comprising an electrode (the conductive surface comprising elements 13-15) and a pocket 1 for positioning the lead electrode assembly (note col. 2, lines 37-41). Once again the recitation "...for subcutaneous implantation..." in the preamble was considered, but deemed an intended use and thus insufficient to saliently distinguish over the apparatus defined by Strahwald et al.. Furthermore, the term "coupled" was considered broad enough to reasonably include systems such as shown by Strahwald et al. which show the electrode joined to the pocket by receptive association.

Regarding claim 17 and claims with similar limitations, one can consider the "bonded region" to be that region of the pocket that is stitched.

Regarding claim 25 and claims with similar limitations, the examiner considers the outline of the pocket to show a curved shape.

Concerning claim 57 and claims with similar limitations, Fig. 4 shows an electrode length just less than the length of the pocket.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 6, 25-27, 43, 49-53, 64, 83-85, 101, 107-111, 122, 141-143, 159, 165-169, 175-186, 190, 191, 196-202 and 210-230 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Heilman (Pat. No. 4,270,549).

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In regards to claim 6 and claims with similar limitations, although the bounded region of Heilman does not form part of the circumference of a circle, lacking any criticality, those of ordinary skill in the art would have considered the exact stitching pattern for forming the pocket to be a matter of obvious design dependent upon the particular manufacturing process used, the shape of the electrode and the particular configuration of the mating positioning tool intended to be inserted into the pocket. For instance, although Heilman employs a rectangular shaped electrode, one can easily extrapolate how the bounded region would look if the electrode had a circular or oval shape (i.e., the stitching would necessarily follow the contour of the circular electrode).

Similar comments apply to claims 25-27.

The examiner wishes to point out that the previous Office Action did not require election of various species (the species defined by claims 25-27 included) that were not considered to be patentably distinct. The applicant had the opportunity to traverse the restriction requirement and declare on record that the various species discussed by the examiner were patentably distinct, but did not timely do so. The discovery of one species (a rectangular shaped pocket) is therefore considered evidence of the obviousness of the other patentably indistinct species (e.g., a curved pocket, a triangular shaped pocket, etc.).

Comments related to those given above apply to claim 43 as well.

Regarding claim 49 and claims with similar limitations, Heilman does not bother to disclose lead length. Considering both the applicant and Heilman are concerned with providing cardioverting/defibrillating energy to the heart via an implanted lead system, it would logically follow that both systems would require substantially similar lead lengths to accommodate the body dimensions of the typical recipient. To employ lead lengths of between 5 and 52 cm to account for changes in body size would have therefore been considered a matter of obvious design with the exact length dictated by the individual under treatment. Like comments apply to claims 50 and 51.

Regarding claims 52 and 53 and claims with similar limitations, the applicant appears to be defining the invention in terms of non-elements of the invention. The applicant is not claiming a set of leads with a plurality of preset lengths varying by

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approximately 10 cm –simply that the lead used is one of a plurality of preset lengths. Whether a lead falls into this category is simply a matter of how many different leads a manufacturer may produce.

Regarding claim 175, comments parallel to those found in the rejection of independent claims 1, 60 and 117 apply here as well. Although Heilman does not explicitly refer to a housing, those of ordinary skill in the art would have considered the provision of a housing to contain the electrical circuitry of the defibrillator to be blatantly obvious. Such means are an absolute necessity for the safety of the patient and for the protection of the device components. The examiner additionally takes Official Notice to this effect.

10. Claims 58, 116, 174 and 232 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Strahwald et al. (Pat. No. 4,354,509).

Regarding the above claim set, although Strahwald et al. do not show an electrode length equal to the length of the pocket, for all practical purposes the pocket and the electrode shown are of substantially similar length. Whether the pocket length and the electrode length are equal may simply depend on what one defines as an electrode length (e.g., one might define the electrode length to be the distance measured along a diagonal line from one conductive pad tip to the other). In any event, the applicant gives no criticality to the exact dimensioning of the pocket with relation to the pad. It would appear that a pocket of equal length to the length of an electrode would work just as well in the system of Strahwald et al.. Given the lack of criticality and lacking any teaching away from such an arrangement by Strahwald et al., those of ordinary skill in the art would have considered the exact relative lengths to be a matter of obvious design.

# Allowable Subject Matter

11. Claims 15, 29-35, 73, 78, 87-93, 131, 136, 145-151, 189, 194 and 203-209 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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The use of a tube-shaped appendage is not taught by prior artisans, nor is there a teaching for providing a molded cover coupled to the electrode in addition to the recited pocket.

#### Conclusion

12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kennedy Schaetzle whose telephone number is 703 308-2211. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Angela Sykes can be reached on 703 308-5181. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703 872-9302.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 308-0858.

KJS January 13, 2004

KENNEDY SCHAET ZEE